Deep learning

Introduction

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October 5, 2023





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Course Information



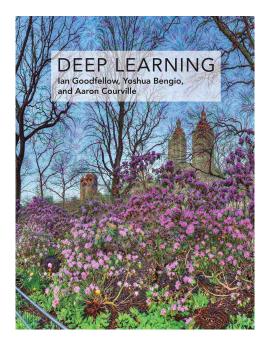
- 1. Course name : Deep learning
- 2. The objective of deep learning is moving Machine Learning closer to one of its original goals: Artificial Intelligence.
- 3. Instructor : Hamid Beigy Email : beigy@sharif.edu
- 4. Class : CE 201
- 5. Virtual class link: https://vc.sharif.edu/ch/beigy
- 6. Course Website: http://sharif.edu/~beigy/14021-40719.html
- 7. Lectures: Sat-Mon (10:30-12:30)
- 8. Teaching Assistant : Amir Moeini Email: amirmoini78@gmail.com

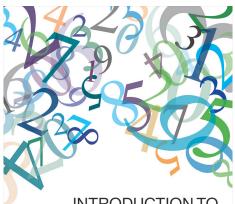


• Evaluation:

Mid-term exam	25%	1402-08-20	
Final exam	25%		
Practical Assignments	30%		
Quiz	15%		
Paper	7.5%	1402-08-20	Hard deadline for selection







INTRODUCTION TO **DEEP LEARNING**

EUGENE CHARNIAK

Relevant journals i

- 1. IEEE Trans on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence
- 2. Journal of Machine Learning Research
- 3. Pattern Recognition
- 4. Machine Learning
- 5. Neural Networks
- 6. Neural Computation
- 7. Neurocomputing
- 8. IEEE Trans. on Neural Networks and Learning Systems
- 9. Annuals of Statistics
- 10. Journal of the American Statistical Association
- 11. Pattern Recognition Letters
- 12. Artificial Intelligence
- 13. Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery
- 14. IEEE Transaction on Cybernetics (SMC-B)
- 15. IEEE Transaction on Knowledge and Data Engineering
- 16. Knowledge and Information Systems



Relevant conferences

- 1. Neural Information Processing Systems (NIPS)
- 2. International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR)
- 3. International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML)
- 4. European Conference on Machine Learning (ECML)
- 5. Asian Conference on Machine Learning (ACML)
- 6. Conference on Learning Theory (COLT)
- 7. Algorithmic Learning Theory (ALT)
- 8. Conference on Uncertainty in Artificial Intelligence (UAI)
- 9. Practice of Knowledge Discovery in Databases (PKDD)
- 10. International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence (IJCAI)
- 11. IEEE International Conference on Data Mining series (ICDM)



Relevant packages and datasets

1. Packages:

- Keras https://keras.io
- TensorFlow http://www.tensorflow.org/
- Cafe http://caffe.berkeleyvision.org
- PyTorch https://pytorch.org
- 2. Datasets:
 - UCI Machine Learning Repository http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/
 - MNIST: handwritten digits http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/
 - 20 newsgroups http://qwone.com/~jason/20Newsgroups/



Introduction



Deep learning has various closely related definitions or high-level descriptions.



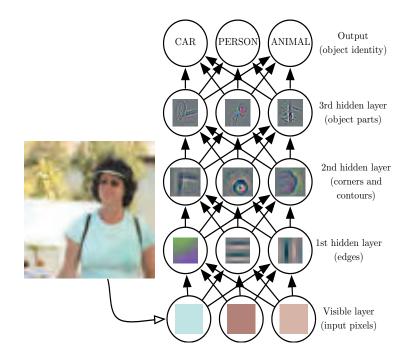
A sub-field of machine learning that is based on

- learning several levels of representations, corresponding to a hierarchy of features or factors or concepts,
- where
 - higher-level concepts are defined from lower-level ones, and
 - the same lower-level concepts can help to define many higher-level concepts.

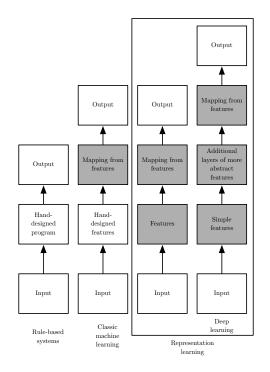
Definition (Deep learning)

- Deep learning is part of a broader family of machine learning methods based on learning representations.
- An observation (e.g., an image) can be represented in many ways (e.g., a vector of pixels), but some representations make it easier to learn tasks of interest (e.g., is this the image of a human face?) from examples, and research in this area attempts to define what makes better representations and how to learn them.











Common among the various high-level descriptions of deep learning are two key aspects:

- 1. Models consisting of multiple layers/stages of nonlinear information processing
- 2. Methods for supervised or unsupervised learning of feature representation at successively higher, more abstract layers.

Deep learning is in the intersections among the research areas of

- 1. Neural networks
- 2. Artificial intelligence
- 3. Graphical modeling
- 4. Optimization
- 5. Pattern recognition
- 6. Signal processing.

Success stories

Success stories¹



1. Finding nearest images



- box + bowl =

Nearest Images



¹This slide is taken from Prof. Ghodsi's slides.

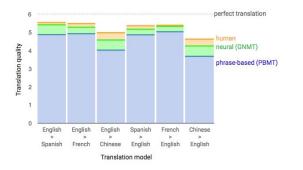
Success stories



1. Word2vec (Mikolov et al. 2013).

king – man + woman = queen

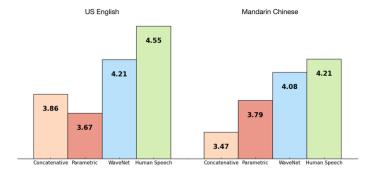
2. Google neural machine translation 2



 $^{^2 {\}tt Borrowed\ from\ https://blog.statsbot.co/deep-learning-achievements-4c563e034257}$



1. Wavenet : Generating voice ³



2. Lip Reading

³Borrowed from https://blog.statsbot.co/deep-learning-achievements-4c563e034257

Success stories



1. **LeNet-5**

LeNet-5 is designed for handwritten and machine-printed character recognition Live demo : http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/lenet/index.html

2. Sentiment Trees

Predicting the sentiment of movie reviews.

Live demo : http://nlp.stanford.edu:8080/sentiment/rntnDemo.html

Success stories of Deep RL

- 1. TD-Gammon
- 2. DQN in Atari
- 3. Deep RL in Robotics
- 4. Alpha Go and Alpha Zero
- 5. Dota2 (Video Game)



Outline of course

Outline of course

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- 1. Introduction
- 2. Review of machine learning and history of deep learning
- 3. Multi-layer Perceptrons and Backpropagation (MLP)
- 4. Optimization and Regularization
- 5. Convolutional networks (CNN)
- 6. Recurrent networks (RNN)
- 7. Sum-Product networks (SPN)
- 8. Dual learning
- 9. Deep reinforcement learning (Deep RL)
- 10. Representation learning
- 11. Deep generative models
- 12. Graph convolutional networks (GCN)
- 13. Applications
 - Text mining and natural language processing
 - Computer vision
 - Social networks
- 14. Advanced topics

References

Readings



- 1. Chapter 1 of Deep Learning Book (Goodfellow, Bengio, and Courville 2016).
- 2. Chapter 1 of Introduction to Deep Learning (Charniak 2019).

References i



- Charniak, Eugene (2019). Introduction to Deep Learning. The MIT Press.
- Goodfellow, Ian, Yoshua Bengio, and Aaron Courville (2016). **Deep Learning.** The MIT Press.
- Mikolov, Tomas et al. (2013). "Distributed Representations of Words and Phrases and their Compositionality". In: Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 26, pp. 3111–3119.

Questions?